2024 Q2 (April-June) Air Quality Monitoring Results



Air Quality Health Index (AQHI) Ratings

The AQHI is calculated by the Government of Alberta using data collected at HAMP air monitoring stations. The AQHI is a measure of air quality that pertains to human health.

AQHI levels are low, moderate, high, or very high. The risk to health increases as the index level rises.

New in 2024, Alberta has implemented a revised AQHI that will provide earlier health risk warnings to Albertans during exceptional or rapidly changing wildfire events.

Under the original AQHI formula for calculating health risk, a high risk rating was triggered when PM_{2.5} levels exceeded a threshold[1] of 80 micrograms per cubic metre of air (ug/m³). With the new AQHI, a high risk rating will now be triggered by a lower PM_{2.5} measurement of 60 ug/m³.

The new AQHI was first developed and piloted in B.C. when officials found that residents near large wildfires were not getting adequate warnings in rapidly changing conditions to reduce their exposure to smoke. The change is now being adopted by provinces and territories across Canada to provide consistent reporting, especially during wildfires.

Due to this change, we will likely see an increased number of high and very high AQHI ratings during air quality events, some of which the source may be undetermined, as was the case this quarter and reflected in the table below titled "Hours with a High or Very High Risk AQHI Rating".

Visit our <u>Alberta Quality Health Index</u> for more information. Seven of HAMP's 10 continuous air monitoring stations monitor substances whereby the AQHI can be calculated.

HAMP – 2024	Risk Level (% of time in each)						
Station Name	Hours Monitored	Low	Moderate	High	Very High		
Bruderheim	2121	95.99%	2.78%	0.71%	0.52%		
Elk Island	2147	96.60%	2.00%	0.79%	0.61%		
Fort Saskatchewan	2073	96.09%	1.93%	0.39%	1.59%		
Gibbons	2154	97.03%	1.35%	0.28%	1.34%		
Lamont	2092	95.51%	3.68%	0.48%	0.33%		
Redwater	2088	97.03%	1.58%	0.91%	0.48%		
Thorhild*	1894	97.04%	1.85%	0.69%	0.42%		
Total hours	14569	14054	316	88	111		

^{*}The Keith Purves Portable station began operations in Thorhild in April 2024.

Hours with a High or Very High Risk AQHI Rating

HAMP Continuous Air Quality Monitoring Station																
	Bruderheim		Elk Island		Fort Sask.		Gibbons		Lamont		Redwater		Thorhild		Tatal	
Event Dates	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	High Risk	Very High Risk	Total Hours	Attributed Cause
April 2	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	Undetermined
April 17	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	Undetermined
May 11,12	8	5	17	13	5	31	6	29	10	7	19	10	13	8	181	Wildfire Smoke
June 3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	Undetermined
June 11	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	Undetermined
June 23,24	2	3	-	Ī	Ī	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	ı	-	5	Undetermined
Total Hours	15	11	17	13	8	33	6	29	10	7	19	10	13	8	199	

Summary of Exceedances

There were 25 exceedances of the 1-hour, and 18 exceedances of the 24-hour objective in the second quarter of 2024.

One Hour Exceedances*							
Parameter	Exceedances	Date	Attributed Cause				
PM _{2.5}	2	April 1,2	Undetermined				
PM _{2.5}	7	June 11, 23	Undetermined				
H₂S	8	April 11,12,15,20	Natural causes due to ice melt				
H₂S	7	April 24, 28	Undetermined				
H₂S	1	May 9	Undetermined				

^{*}NOTE: The wildfire bulk smoke reporting protocol enacted by the Alberta Government does not require the reporting of 1-hr $PM_{2.5}$ exceedances due to wildfire smoke separately from the data submissions. The concentration did exceed the reporting level 132 times due to wildfire smoke on May 11 and 12.

24-Hour Exceedances							
Parameter	Exceedances	Date	Attributed Cause				
PM _{2.5}	14	May 11,12	Wildfire smoke				
PM _{2.5}	1	June 23	Undetermined				
H ₂ S	1	April 12	Natural causes due to ice melt				
H₂S	2	April 24, 28	Undetermined				